

## "BOX BOY"

By DAVE JESSEE . . . Don't throw away that good corrugated cardboard box, it could supply most of the material for building your next model! Take a look at this one, and let your imagination do the rest.

MATERIALS

Fuselage sides: corrugated cardboard Bulkheads: corrugated cardboard Wing ribs: corrugated cardboard Tail surfaces: corrugated cardboard Wing spars: 2-1/4 x 1/4 x 36 spruce Wing L.E.: 1-1/4 x 1/4 x 36 balsa Wing T.E.: 1-3/8 x 1 x 36 balsa Gear mount bulkhead: 1/8 plywood Bellcrank mount: 1/8 plywood Elevator & stab spars: 1/8 x 3/8 spruce

Elevator & stab spars: 1/8 x 3/8 spruce Wing center section: 1/8 sheet balsa Cap strips: 1/8 x 1/4 balsa Fuselage top stringers: 1/8 x 1/4 balsa Tail surface edging: 1/8 sq. balsa Motor mounts: 3/8 x 1/2 hardwood Engine: Enya .29

Of course, the purpose of listing the materials first is to point out the fact that the major portion of this sport/stunt model is fabricated from ordinary corrugated cardboard. Only the 28 inch fuselage side pieces may cause a problem, as a fairly large, clean, uncreased chunk of cardboard is needed. (Hmmm . . . ls this the answer to the big, balsaconsuming ribs for our Mammoth Classic Scale ships?). If all else fails, your local paper supply house can probably sell you a 2x4 sheet for a buck or two. Don't

even think about comparing the price in balsa!

Corrugated cardboard is easy to cut with an Uber or jigsaw, makes strong glue joints, accepts just about any type of dope or epoxy paint, and if properly used, will not make your model any heavier than if build entirely of wood.

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION

Building with cardboard is not that much different than building from wood. Be careful not to bend any parts to the point of creasing, as this destroys all of the strength.

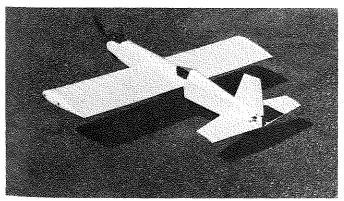
Exposed edges, as for example the sheet tail surfaces, are covered with balsa and/or hardwood and sanded to shape. Reinforce the fuselage sides at the motor mounts with hinge cloth glued in place. Cap strips cover the exposed edges of the ribs.

After final assembly, Box Boy's wing was covered with silkspan. All cardboard surfaces were then lightly sanded to provide a better bond for the dope. The original plane in the photos, now ten years old, was finished with Aero Gloss sanding sealer and yellow dope. Any of the modern epoxy finishes would be excellent.

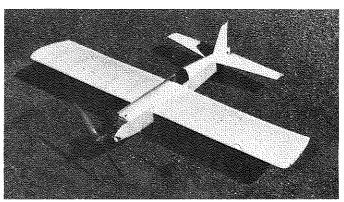
Cardboard is not new to modeling. Remember Competition Models' "Paper Tiger" pattern ship and the controversial "Westwind", by Jef's Friends. Of course, both were especially designed for cardboard construction. However, we can visualize many areas in every day model construction where corrugated cardboard could be substituted and be equal to or better than balsa for the particular situation. In addition, this would save the more expensive balsa for the areas where there is no substitute. Try as you might, balsa can't be replaced, but it's nice to know there's something that can pitch in and help.



"The paper cup . . . a remarkable strength-toweight ratio."



Fuselage sides and bottom, all but one bulkhead, wing ribs, and sheet tail surfaces are all corrugated cardboard.



All exposed edges of cardboard are capped with balsa strips, such as the wing ribs, and the outside edges of the tail surfaces.