

he Classic craze has invaded control line Stunt for the past five or so years, and one model that sticks in my mind is the Impala, by Eddie Elasick Jr. It was published at about the time I was beginning to pick and purchase model magazines.

Discussions with Bill Calkins concerning his desire for a legal model for the annual Sig-sponsored contest in Iowa got the grey matter working again. Bill and I conceived a design that used the majority of the parts in a Sig Banshee kit, but we were searching for a somewhat different look.

If I were to combine the Banshee parts into an Impala look, then I could satisfy our diverse needs. The change to the side-mounted .40 piped engine came to the project when I wanted to try this engine setup on a smaller-than-suggested airplane size. The Impala-Banshee is intended for the smaller .35 and .40 engines. Killing several birds with one stone saves lots of

building time when only a portion of my hours can be utilized for Stunt.

Allow me to pass along the success of the first set of flights for the Impala-Banshee. I am always careful with the first flight, since it is a new airplane, new lines, new handle, old brain and a nervous right hand. The second flight assured us of the tank-engine height. The third flight was the first full pattern on the design (after we were sure that we got the photos for this article).

The next series of flights will fetaure another .40 pipe and then a light-cased .40 will find a more permanent home for the model's later life. The Impala-Banshee will stay solidly on the lines in all portions of the pattern. It has a nice corner, but is still capable of easy round maneuvers.

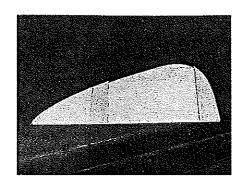
CONSTRUCTION

The construction is of the normal type; anyone who has built one or

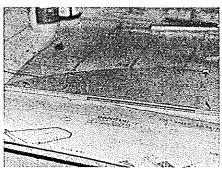
more basic kits will be able to complete this project will little difficulty. I don't intend to give you a glue-A-to-B dissertation, but I do want to explain a few areas of concern, or choices given to you in this design.

Begin with a full Sig Banshee kit (or a wing kit plus extra balsa). The plywood doubler and balsa cheek doubler can be built with the engine pointed inboard or outboard.

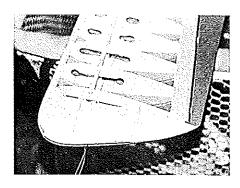
In Frank Williams' Bearcat article (December 1983 Model Aviation) he presented the concept that a profile engine can be mounted inboard and run well. The article also discussed how extra fuel can be contained in the passages of the crankcase of the engine of an outboard setup and drop the extra fuel or oil on the plug, thus causing the engine to stumble. A hotter plug and careful mounting of the tank/ engine relationship can resolve these problems, both on the inboard and outboard setups. Once the engine runs well, a model with an



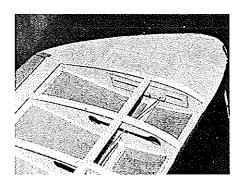
First lamination of Impala-Banshee's inboard adjustable leadout section.



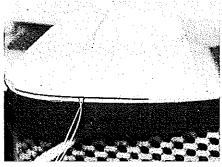
Second step, inboard wingtip. Wing is built with equal-length panels.



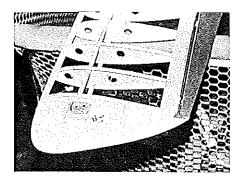
Leadout detail. Install belicrank with leadouts and flap pushrod connected.



Adjustable leadouts clearly visible here. Tip braces are % balsa.



Leadout gap is 1/8 inch. Tip is 1/8 balsa sandwiched between 1/16 sheets.



Wingtip weight box has 1½ ounces of lead. Add weight for unequal-panel wing.

inboard-mounted engine will need a little more wingtip weight than one that is outboard-mounted.

Use a four-inch bellcrank with a 13/16 pivot hole for the flap pushrod. The flap horn should be 11/4 inches above the flap pivot center line. The flap to elevator ratio is 1:1, with the pushrod pivot hole being located one inch from the elevator and flap pivot center line. A handle with a four-inch spacing and very little overhang should work well for the above combination. If you should decide to use a three-inch bellcrank, I would recommend a flap pivot hole located 5% or 11/16 from the center pivot hole. The 5/8 hole will soften the pattern, while the 11/16 will quicken the corners. Remember that a full Stunt pattern is made of smooth rounds and hard-corners. You must make a decision as to what style of flying fits your needs and desires.

The wing is built with equal panel lengths, as well as equal flap areas.

This trims out very well with a little extra wingtip weight. If you want to fly with less wingtip weight, build the inner wing ½-inch longer and the outboard wing ½-inch shorter. I would suggest that you keep the flap areas equal, to aid in trimming the model.

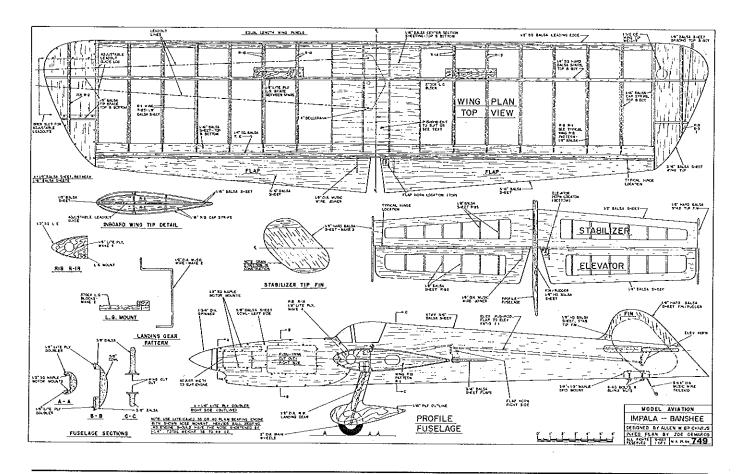
The percentage of flap area to total wing area and the tail surface percentage have been calculated to give you a balance of smooth rounds and crisp corners. If you desire a softer pattern, add some chord to the flaps and decrease the span of the tail assembly. For a harder corner (but with rounds that are more difficult to fly) decrease the chord of the flaps and increase the span of the tail assembly.

One of the reasons that the Impala-Banshee will hold level flight so well is that the stab thickness has been increased to ½ inch. The elevators are built of ¼-inch balsa, and they hides in the thickness of the stab. Slight adjustments to level flight are done

with flaps, without having the elevator come out of this neutral blanketing of the stab. This causes the airplane to rise and fall instead of pitch up or down. This semblance of little or no change of the level flight will help your scores on the takeoff and level flight maneuvers, as well as in inverted flight.

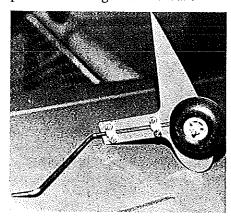
Wood for the fuselage is six- to seven-pound stock. If the wood is any lighter, there will be an unwanted twisting of the fuselage during maneuvers. If you choose to use an iron-on film for the flying surfaces, you should choose wood that will add strength to the part being built without adding excess weight. If you paint all the surfaces, then lighter wood can be selected, since the painted-on coverings and finish add quite a lot to the total strength.

Spars need to be of dense stock. For stiffness, the stab should be a little more dense than the elevators.



Note the grain direction as marked on the plans. This is very important. Adjustable leadout guides, bellcranks, horns, and pushrod material can be purchased from a variety of sources. Other hardware can be purchased at many standard hobby stores throughout the country.

I would suggest building the wing, flaps, stab, and elevators as completely as possible prior to cutting fuselage parts. The fuselage can be cut and



Removable landing gear helps with repairs and establishing proper gear angles for takeoffs and landings.

assembled in one night's work, and it is nice to have the reference parts ready before working of the fuselage.

If you use an iron-on film, cover the wing with one full piece on the bottom and one full piece on the top. Do the same with the stab. Fit the fuselage over the wing, mark the glued areas, and remove the wing.

Carefully cut small diamonds of the iron-on film from the area where the wing and fuselage join. Each diamond



At left is designer Allen Brickhaus; at right, builder Bill Calkins, with Impala-Banshee. Ken Simmons photo.

should be slightly wider than the fuselage, and they should be about 1^{ν_2} inches from each other. This allows the fuselage and wing to have wood-to-wood areas, so better glue bonds are formed. The stab installs in a similar fashion.

If you choose to paint the flying surfaces, have them completed to the end of the primer stage prior to

Impala-Banshee

Type: CL Classic Stunt

Wingspan: 53 inches

Engine: .35-.40

Flying Weight: 38 to 44 ounces

Construction: Built up

Covering/finish: Iron-on film/epoxy

base

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3/16 x 2	.49			3/32 x		.12	
1/4 x 2	.56			3/32 x	3/8	.13	
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1/20 x 3				1/8 x	1/8	.09	
1/16 x 3	.37	.49	.31	1/8 x	1/4	.12	.18
3/32 x 3	.44	.58	.37	1/8 x	3/8		.19
1/8 x 3	.55	.74	.45	1/8 x		.18	.24
3/16 x 3		.84	.55	3/16 x			.19
1/4 x 3	.76	.98		3/16 x			.21
5/16 x 3		1.15		3/16 x		.22	.31
3/8 x 3		1.28		1/4 ×		.18	.26
1/2 x 3		1.60		1/4 ×			.28
3/4 x 3				1/4 x			.32
1/16 x 4				1/4 x			.45
3/32 x 4		.97		1/4 x		.42	.57
1/8 x 4		1.09		5/16 x			30
3/16 x 4		1.26		3/8 x		.29	.39
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1/4 × 4			1.55	3/4 x	3.4	.76	.98

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attaching them to the fuselage. There is less to bang on the end of a table, hit on the ceiling, or insert in a running ceiling fan while the model is in an early stage of construction.

On profile models, the horns can be fitted at the aft end of the wing or stab slot prior to fitting the wing or stab. This reduces unsightly or excess fuselage holes, which may have to be filled and finished later. Use of two nylon horns mated together (as Custom Models kits do) will add strength without excess weight.

Equal and neutral settings with the leadouts, bellcrank, horns, pushrods, flaps, and elevators are necessary for the success of this or any other Stunt airplane. Install the bellcrank with the leadouts and flap pushrod connected. Hold the bellcrank in neutral, put the leadouts where suggested on the plans, and cut the leadouts to equal length eight inches from the last part of the wingtip.

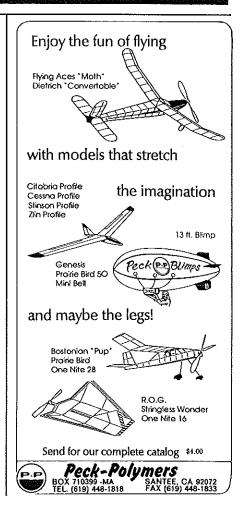
Mount the wing, flap, and flap

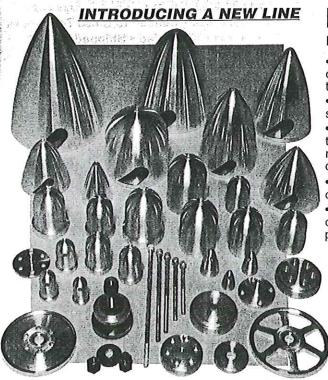
horn in the fuselage. Hold the flaps in neutral, and this will show you how long the flap pushrod should be. Bend the pushrod correctly and install in the flap horn. Connect the elevator horn. Move the elevator slightly forward or aft until a desired neutral setting is found, then glue the stab in place.

Use plenty of straightedges, lines, and incidence meters to be sure all thrustlines are parallel to each other. No moving surface can be put in any kind of neutral position if the main parts of the structure are askew.

The ability to remove the landing gear helps with repairs and setting of gear angles for proper takeoffs and landings. The main gear was put in the wing to best recapture the flavor of the Classic Stunt airplanes. Aluminum fuselage gear may be used when your flying surface is rough, with uneven ground, large rocks, and high grass.

The wing gear is mounted like a Chipmunk or Akrobat. The tail gear





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is attached with two 4-40 bolts, with blind mounting nuts imbedded in the motor mount.

The landing-gear area is further braced with ½ Lite Ply sections. One piece fits behind the landing-gear blocks and between the top and bottom spars; four others copy the airfoil shape and double the two ribs holding the landing gear blocks forward of the spars.

The inboard wingtip is not as complicated as the drawings suggest. The purpose is to create a hole or slot for the leadouts. The two ½6 inboard wingtips are separated by a ½- inch piece near the leading edge, and another at the trailing edge. This allows a ½-inch gap for the leadouts.

Once this is glued in place, it is treated like the outboard wingtip construction. Add the half ribs R-2, capstrip them and then glue in place the extra ½ balsa tip braces as shown.

Approximately 1½ ounces of weight was installed at the location shown on the plans. If you decide to

build an unequal-panel wing, adjust the amount of tip weight accordingly.

FINISH

The finish you desire is your choice. My Envoy article (June 1986 Model Aviation) outlines one method I have used. The premise is the same: Hobbypoxy II glue can still be used, as well as the Sig Epoxolite fillet material. Hobbypoxy Stuff, Super Poxy primer, or Dap spackling compound can be used for a surface primer over the glue base.

I have since found that Formula U, Rust-Oleum, and X-O Rust from a spray can are compatible when given a little time to cure before adding the next color. The Rust-Oleum silver is not fuelproof, and Rust-Oleum does not make a clear. Formula U clear has been used for a final gloss coat over all of these products.

If you use iron-on covering, design a paint scheme such that it's not necessary to tape over any paint that

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has film underneath. Try to have ¼-inch separation between colors.

FLYING

The first flights were careful, and the model required little further trimming. Bill Calkins did a fine job of carrying out the design ideas brought forth in our pre-project discussions. As a result, the Impala-Banshee will give you a fine-flying profile Stunt model that will do well for you on the contest circuit—or perhaps you'll want to simply enjoy flying it. Either way, it is sure to bring back thoughts of the Golden Age of Stunt.

MATERIALS

ABC Hobby Supplies P.O. Box 2391 Clarksville, IN 47131

Aero Products 1880 Scenic Hwy Snellville, GA 30278 C.F. Slattery 2101 Logan Ave New Albany, IN 47150

Carolina-Taffinder 8345 Delhi Road North Charleston, SC 29418

Custom Models 5515 Bridgeton Dr Arlington, TX 76018

Pro-Stunt Products 9 Union Ave Little Ferry, NJ 07643

Sig Manufacturing 401-7 South Front St. Montezuma, IA 50171

S.S.T. Products 28746 Westfield Livonia, MI 48150

If you have any questions, please contact me at P.O. Box 206, Golconda, IL 62938. →

GASPARIN -MICROTECHNA

CO2 LINE OF ENGINES

GM-63	
BORE :	4mm
STROKE :	5mm
VOLUME :	0.063 cc
WEIGHT :	10 grams
RPM'S:	600-2400
RUNNING TIME :	60 sec.



\$59.95

GM-120



GM-300



\$64.95

GM-120 TWIN CYLINDER

BORE : 2 x 5mm
STROKE : 2 x 6mm
VOLUME : 2 x 0. 12cc
WEIGHT : 20grams
RPM'S : 600-2400
RUNNING TIME : . . . 60 sec.



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